

Value of
buildings,
etc.

636. The value of the buildings and stock, &c., on hand on 30th June, 1890, of the several penitentiaries, together with the revenue and expenditure of each during the year then closed, are given below. The revenue is derived from prison labour and miscellaneous resources.

PENITENTIARIES.	Value of Buildings, Stock, &c.	Revenue.	Expenditure
	\$	\$	\$
Kingston	948,486	2,682	136,877
St. Vincent de Paul	805,784	1,239	82,886
Dorchester	414,332	4,641	44,116
Manitoba	342,976	4,706	51,305
British Columbia	327,139	653	41,736
	2,838,717	13,921	356,920

Cost of
prisoners.

637. After deducting the revenue, the net expenditure is found to have been \$342,999, an increase of \$23,823 over the preceding year. Assuming that the number 1,242 represents the average number of prisoners during the year, the total cost *per capita* will have been \$276.17, as compared with \$281.21 in 1889, a decrease of \$5.04 per head. If, however, the value of the work performed by the convicts in and about the buildings is taken into account, the cost *per capita* would appear to be reduced to \$174, as compared with \$161.85 in 1889.

Punish-
ments
awarded.

638. The following punishments were awarded in the several prisons during the year:—

PUNISHMENTS FOR OFFENCES COMMITTED WITHIN PENITENTIARIES, 1890.

PENITENTIARY.	Deprived of Tobacco.	Dark Cells.	Solitary Cells.	Flogged.	Lost Remission.	Other Punish- ments.
Kingston	3	180	5	1	103	29
St. Vincent de Paul	9	205	1	3	130	1,127
Dorchester	12	54	.....	1	.....	165
Manitoba .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	107
British Columbia	4	.....	.....	.....	24	55
Total	28	439	6	5	294	1,483

“Other Punishments” include irons, bread and water, hard bed, loss of supper, light, school, letters and books, and reprimands and admonitions. There was a decrease of nine in the total number of punishments as compared with 1889.